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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/743,195	12/22/2003	Forrest Frank Hopkins	139681-2	6880
41838	7590	11/28/2006	EXAMINER	
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY (PCPI) C/O FLETCHER YODER P. O. BOX 692289 HOUSTON, TX 77269-2289			SONG, HOON K	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2882	

DATE MAILED: 11/28/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/743,195

Applicant(s)

HOPKINS ET AL.

Examiner

Hoon Song

Art Unit

2882

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 August 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-21 and 23-72 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-21 and 23-72 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 22 December 2003 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 20-21 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In claim 20 line 2, "the article" lacks proper antecedent basis.

In claim 21 line 6, "can be" should read --are--.

Similar informalities exist throughout the claims. Appropriate revision/correction for all claims is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-5, 9-11, 13-21, 23-25, 27, 29, 33-41, 44-46, 48-49, 51-52, 54-55, 57-60, 64-68 and 70-72, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seppi et al. (US 2004/0017888A1) in view of Burke et al. (US 5305363).

Regarding claims 1, 25, 48 and 58, Seppi teaches a system for detecting an explosive within an article, comprising:

an acquisition subsystem including an x-ray computed tomography scanner having a stationary radiation source (16) and a stationary detector (21), said acquisition subsystem is adapted to acquire intensity measurements pertaining to the explosive (paragraph [0038]); and

a reconstruction subsystem (26), in communication with the acquisition subsystem, for generating view data from the intensity measurements and for reconstructing the view data into image data representative of the explosive.

However Seppi fails to teach said reconstruction subsystem utilizes three-dimensional reconstruction techniques.

Burke teaches a CT system utilizing three-dimensional reconstruction techniques.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the CT system of Seppi with the three-dimensional reconstruction techniques as taught by Burke, since it would provide better object observation.

Regarding claims 3, 23, 49 and 59, Seppi teaches the computed tomography machine comprises: a vacuum housing chamber for generating an electron beam (16, x-ray source); a target (16, x-ray source) for receiving the electron beam and emitting x-rays in response to the electron beam; and a detector array (21) located opposite the target for receiving the emitted x-rays.

Regarding claims 4, 24, 51 and 60, Seppi fails to teach the computed tomography machine comprises: a source ring including a plurality of stationary x-ray sources; and

a detector ring adjacent to the source ring and including a plurality of discrete detector modules.

Burke teaches a CT system having a source and detector ring configuration (figure 2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the stationary source and detector configuration of Seppi with the configuration of Burke, since it would provide a full 360 degrees scanning for better scanning.

Regarding claim 5, Seppi teaches the reconstruction subsystem comprises a plurality of reconstruction stages (paragraph [0058]).

Regarding claims 9, 33 and 64, Seppi teaches the plurality of reconstruction stages comprises one reconstruction stage including an algorithm adapted to iteratively and statistically reconstruct the image data (paragraph [0064]).

Regarding claim 10, Seppi teaches a computer-aided detection subsystem for analyzing the image data (paragraph [0072]).

Regarding claims 11 and 34, Seppi teaches the computer-aided detection subsystem comprises a plurality of computer-aided detection stages (paragraph [0072]).

Regarding claims 12 and 26-28, Seppi teaches at least one of the plurality of computer-aided detection stages is in communication with any of the plurality of reconstruction stages (paragraph [0072]).

Regarding claims 13, 27, 29, 52 and 54-55, Seppi teaches at least one computer-aided detection stage is adapted to receive the image data from one of the reconstruction stages, analyze the image data, and identify an area of interest within the image data (paragraph [0072]).

Regarding claim 14, Seppi teaches the computer-aided detection subsystem is adapted to feedback image data of the area of interest to the reconstruction subsystem (paragraph [0072]).

Regarding claims 16 and 35, Seppi teaches the energy discriminating detector includes an assembly of two or more x-ray attenuating materials the signals from which can be processed in either a photon counting or a charge integration mode (paragraph [0077]).

Regarding claims 17, 36-37, 44 and 71 Seppi teaches the acquisition subsystem comprises at least one detector for detecting x-rays from at least two different incident x-ray energy spectra (paragraph [0077]).

Regarding claims 18, 38, 45, 54 and 65, Seppi teaches an alternative modality subsystem (paragraph [0077]).

Regarding claim 19, 39, 46, 57, 66 Seppi teaches the alternative modality subsystem comprises one or more of the group consisting of a coherent scattering subsystem, a quadrupole subsystem, and a trace detection subsystem (paragraph [0084]).

Regarding claims 20, 21, 40, 51 and 67 Seppi teaches a conveyor belt for transporting the article to the acquisition subsystem (paragraph [0044]).

Regarding claims 15, 40, 41, 68 and 70, Seppi teaches the acquisition subsystem comprises an energy discriminating detector adapted to acquire energy sensitive measurements (paragraph [0077]).

Claims 6, 30, 53 and 61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seppi in view of Hsieh et al. (US 5907593).

Regarding claims 6, 30, 53 and 61, Seppi fails to teach the plurality of reconstruction stages comprises one reconstruction stage including an algorithm adapted to reduce artifacts in the image data.

Hsieh teaches a CT system having artifact reducing algorithm.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to adapt the CT system of Seppi with the algorithm, since it would provide better image.

Claims 7-8, 31-32 and 62-63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seppi in view of Hsu et al. (US 2003/0035507A1).

Regarding claims 7, 31 and 62, Seppi fails to teach the plurality of reconstruction stages comprises one reconstruction stage including an algorithm adapted to vary the voxel size in the image data.

Hsu teaches a CT system having algorithm for voxel size (paragraph [0030]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to adapt the CT of Seppi with the algorithm as taught by Hsu, since it would provide better diagnostic image.

Regarding claims 8, 32 and 63, Seppi fails to teach the plurality of reconstruction stages comprises one reconstruction stage including an algorithm adapted to compensate for noise in the acquired information.

Hsu teaches a CT system having a algorithm for noise (paragraph [0032]).

It would have been obvious to one to adapt the Hsu's CT with the algorithm since it would provide better image.

Claim 47 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seppi in view of McClelland et al. (US 7139406B2).

Regarding claim 47, Seppi fails to teach the at least one additional source of information comprises a risk variable subsystem.

McClelland teaches a risk profile for baggage screening system.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to adapt the CT system of Seppi with the risk profiling since it would provide better inspection.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3-21 and 23-72 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion


Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hoon Song whose telephone number is (571) 272-2494. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 AM - 7 PM, Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Glick can be reached on (571) 272 - 2490. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2882

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

HKS

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "HKS" followed by a stylized, cursive flourish.